

Market Strategy

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(An Excellent Business Solutions Provider) Why Market Strategy?

The strategy framework classifies markets into five types, each having specific strategies

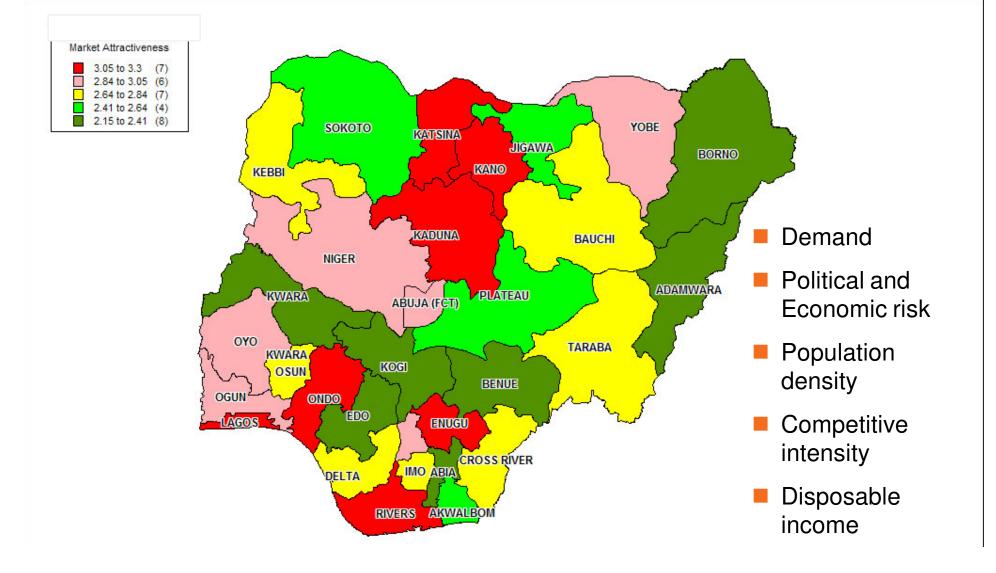
High	<u>Grow</u> 'Build Selectively' • Specialize around limited strengths • Seek ways to overcome weakness • Withdraw if indications of sustainable growth are lacking	Strengthen 'Invest to Build' • Challenge for leadership • Build selectively on strengths • Reinforce vulnerable areas	Defend 'Protect Position' • Invest to grow at maximum digestible rate • Concentrate effort on maintaining strength
Med.	<u>Grow</u> <i>'Limited Expansion or</i> <i>Harvest'</i> • Look for ways to expand without high risk: otherwise, minimize investment and rationalize operations	<u>Strengthen</u> 'Selectivity/Manage for Earnings' • Protect existing program • Concentrate investments in segments where profitability is good and risks are relatively low	Hold 'Build Selectively' • Invest heavily in most attractive segments • Build up ability to counter competition • Emphasize profitability by raising productivity
Low	Restructure 'Divest' • Sell at time that will maximize cash value • Cut fixed costs and avoid investment meantime	Restructure 'Manage for Earning' • Protect position in most profitable segments • Upgrade product line • Minimize Investment	Hold 'Protect & Refocus' • Manage for current earnings • Concentrate on attractive segments • Defend strengths
	Weak	Mid	Strong
	Position (Source Philip Kotler: Marketing Management)		

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Market Attractiveness

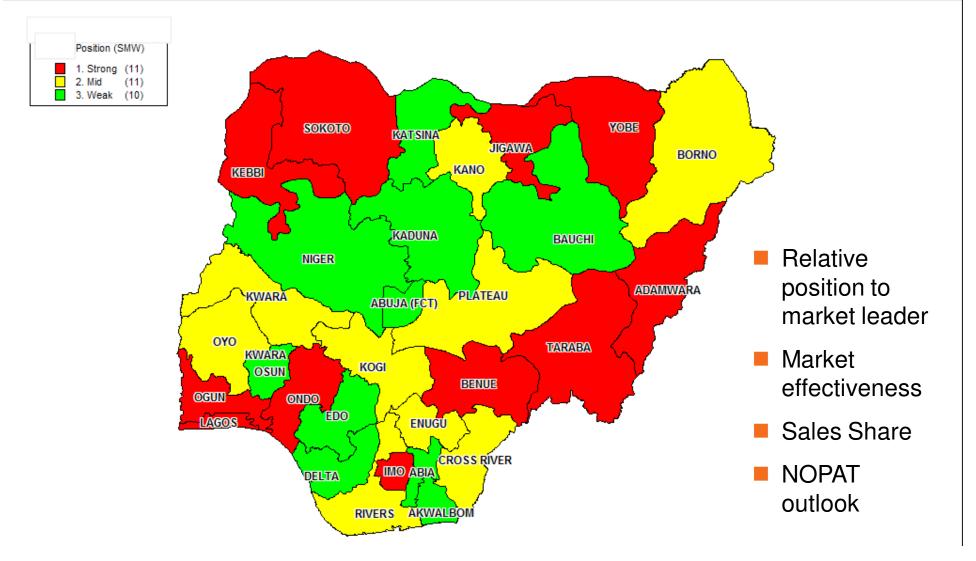


Market Attractiveness



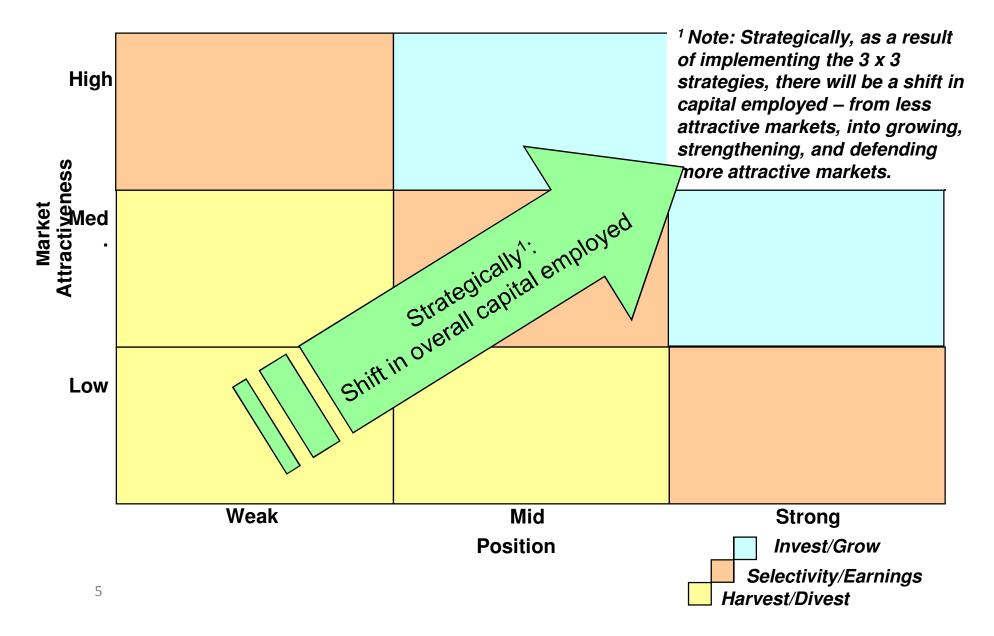


Company Position



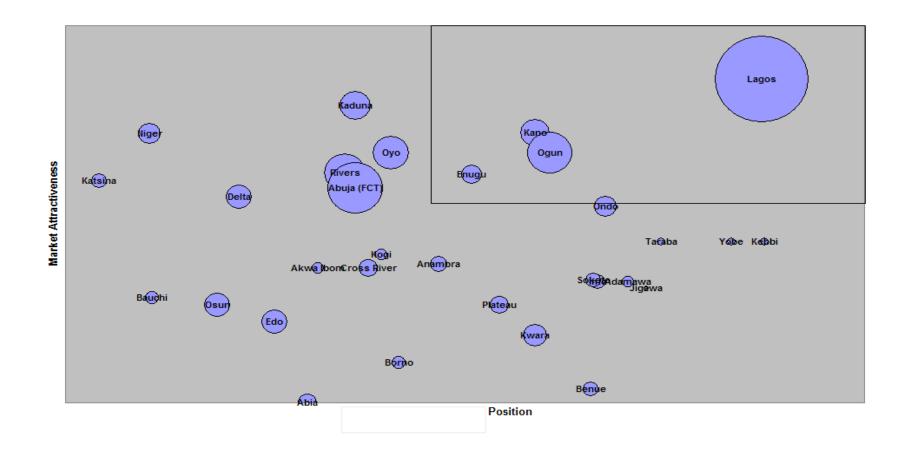
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Market Attractiveness Vs. Company Position





Model Strategy

